COUNTY PROFILE: CHARLESTON, SC 2019 Tri-County Community Health Needs Assessment Tri-County **Charleston County** 0.1% 2.7% 1.4% 1.2% 405,905 population 7.8% 51% White or Caucasian Black or African American Census est. 2018 Hispanic/Latinx *Respondents to CHNA: Asian or Asian American Charleston 41.06% RACE/ 35.8% Native Hawaiian or other N= 1,421 ETHNICITY Pacific Islander CHNA respondents here exclude medical personnel and social service providers. Other/Multi-Racial (2 or more) Average Annual Household Income: \$50,000 - \$74,999 No Response Average Age: 49.5 yrs Average Level of Education: Associates Degree **Top 5 Health Concerns** 3 4 Access to Care **Obesity**, Nutrition & **Behavioral Health Clinical Preventive** Maternal, Infant & **Physical Activity Services Child Health Obesity, Nutrition & Physical Activity** Access to Care Top 3 Issues with 21% of Charleston County Accessing Health respondents did NOT state Care Screenings or 'I typically can visit the doctor Services: when needed.' 1. Work schedule 62.3% typically eat only 2. I have insurance, 24.8% OR primarily fresh fruit but I cannot of county respondents who 10.6% of Charleston vs afford the co-pay Claim form 3. I do not have typically eat fast food more 24.7% typically County respondents insurance and than 1x week. HHH with no health insurance do NOT eat fruit cannot pay for Dr D services Voices from the Community "...healthy food is going to cost you more. You don't have Why It Matters: Access to quality health care is necessary to no choice,...if you want to eat you've just got to get junk not only treat illness but also to prevent chronic conditions that left untreated, can become life-threatening over time. because good healthy food is not that cheap." Behavioral Health Behavioral health conditions include mental and substance use disorders. Is Mental Health Treatable? % of Charleston County 16.2% of Top 3 Responses to Where

Would You Go for Routine Mental Health Care/Treatment?

- 1. Emergency Room
- 2. Physician's Office
- 3. Private Clinic

Charleston County Respondents said they are **not exposed to nor** use any tobacco products.

Why It Matters: While behavioral, mental health and substance misuse are top priorities for many healthcare providers, low perceived need and barriers to care for both disorders likely contribute to low treatment and rates of co-occurring conditions like diabetes, cancer, obesity and others. **Is Mental Health Treatable?** % of Charleston County respondents who believe mental health is treatable via medications, therapy, or support group by race/ethnicity.



This profile provides a snapshot of the Charleston county health landscape based on data captured by the 2019 Tri-County Community Health Needs Assessment (CHNA). The 2019 CHNA was administered by the Healthy Tri-County initiative, powered by Trident United Way, in partnership with core partners MUSC Health and Roper St. Francis Healthcare. Data collection for the 2019 CHNA took place in January and February 2019 with a total of 5,304 respondents. Respondents ranked ten *Healthy People 2020* health topics, the top five of which are captured in this profile.

Clinical Preventive Services

Clinical preventive services include routine disease/diabetes screenings, vaccinations and scheduled immunizations

% of respondents who view routine wellness checkups as important to keep 'you' healthy vs. those who reported having a physical exam(s) in the past 12 months.



Charleston 35.0% Charleston 85.1% 40.0% 87.5% White/Non-Hispanic White/Non-Hispanic African American African American 31.8% 87.8% Hispanic/Latinx 11.8% Hispanic/Latinx 64.4% All Other Races/ 20.0% All Other Races/ 78.2% Ethnicities Ethnicities

Voices from the Community: "I had a neighbor who had diabetes and high cholesterol and he thought: 'as long as I take this pill I don't have to change what I eat. I don't have to worry about exercising.' That kind of thing. And then there is this whole thing against vaccinations."

Maternal, Infant & Child Health

Top 3 Choices on How to Reduce Complications and Death in Childbirth

- 1. Allow everyone to access regular prenatal (before birth) care.
- 2. Educate women on what to expect during pregnancy before they become pregnant.
- 3. Provide social and medical services to advertise/promote good health.



Why It Matters: Children are our future. Early identification and treatment of developmental delays and disabilities can prevent death and enable children to reach their full potential. Children who grow up in safe and nurturing neighborhoods are more likely to have better outcomes as adults.

Call to Action

- Spread Awareness about 2019 CHNA data among local elected officials, community leaders and within your social networks.
- Join Healthy Tri-County either as an individual or organization.
- Learn more by emailing HTCsupport@tuw.org to request the complete 2019 CHNA data file from Trident United Way so you can further analyze to inform strategies and community health programming.
- Use the data from the 2019 CHNA county profiles and report to guide-specific actions you or your organization can take.
- Keep it social by promoting and sharing 2019 CHNA data on your social media platforms.

Healthy Tri-County (HTC), powered by Trident United Way in partnership with core partners MUSC Health and Roper St. Francis Healthcare, is a multi-sector regional initiative to improve health outcomes in Berkeley, Charleston and Dorchester counties. The long-term, aspirational goal of HTC is to improve the health and well-being of every person and community within the Tri-County region. With *Our Health, Our Future. The Tri-County Health Improvement Plan 2018-2023*, HTC's core partners, SC Department of Health and Environmental Control and the 69 formal members of HTC, we are actively working to address the five health priorities captured in this profile.







Trident United Way

To learn more about Healthy Tri-County, visit www.healthytricounty.com or contact HTCsupport@tuw.org